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THE SOUTH-CAROLINA AND COUNTRY GAZETTE; JOURNAL.

Containing the freſheſt Advices, both Foreign and Domeſtic.

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 7, 1769.

BOSTON.

JOURNAL of the TIMES.

[CONTINUED.]

Nov. 28. A Countryman named Geary, who was taken up and bound over by the Chief Juſtice to ...er at the ſuperior court, to the complaint of his having ...avoured to entice ſome ſoldiers to deſert from one of the ...ments quartered in this town, had his trial laſt Thurſ...; and was acquitted by the jury.——*It was a trial of ... expectation, being the firſt of the kind ſince the troops ...ved: If it had turned out otherwiſe, it might have in...d the artful and deſigning of the ſoldiery to have prac...t upon the ſimple and unwary among us, if not to have ...plained of them, in order to obtain the rewards they ...e been encouraged to expect for ſervices of this nature.*

The court of admiralty for the trial of the libels entered ...inſt Mr. Hancock and others, which was to have met ... day, is further continued until Tueſday, the 6th of ...ember next, and it is as true as it is grievous, that none the interrogatories, on behalf of the informers, have ...n as yet lodged in the regiſter's-office.——*The ſevere ...tment given theſe gentlemen, cannot be well reliſhed by ...r townſmen, who heartily wiſh that the c———ſh———rs ... ſtill toil in their infamous fiſhery, without catching any ...dence that may operate to their prejudice.*

Nov. 29. Letters from England, not only confirm Ro... Auchmuty, Eſq; being appointed Judge of Admiralty ... this province, but acquaint us that Jonathan Sewall, ...; of this town, is appointed for Nova-Scotia, Jared ...erſol, Eſq; for New-York, and Auguſtus Johnſon, Eſq; ... South-Carolina, each, as it is ſaid, with ſalaries of ...l. ſterl. per annum, but the fund from which theſe are ...come is not yet aſcertained.—From theſe extraordinary ...ointments, and more extraordinary allowances, ſome are ... to think that G. B's reaſoning, eſpecially in ſupport of ... part of the council's petition to his Majeſty, that no ...nies may be drawn from America; has had ſuch effect, ...t we ſhall ſoon hear of the doubling of ſome ſalary, and ...a conſiderable increaſe of colony placemen, in order to ...vent our monies being *drawn from us* by the American ...enue; with which application of ſaid revenue the m—y ...e been led to imagine that the people of the colonies will ... only be ſatisfied, but that the government and its officers ...y be ſupported therefrom in the moſt honourable and ...n manner; but ſome advices lead us to ſuppoſe, that the ...erican revenue will be given up, and another fund ap...priated for the ſervice of the m——y.

Nov. 30. An honourable gentleman of his Majeſty's ...ncil, lately riding over Boſton neck in his coach, was ...pped by ſome ſoldiers on guard, one of which had the ...rance to open the door, and put in his head; upon being ...d what had occaſioned ſuch freedom, he had the inſolence ...eply, that he was only examining whether any deſerter ... concealed there.

A number of gentlemen paſſing in the night by the ...wn-Houſe, were hailed by the guards three ſeveral times, ...hout anſwering; whereupon they were ſtopped and con...ed in the Guard-Houſe for a conſiderable time: A young ...entleman in another part of the town, having a lanthorn ...h him, was challenged by ſome ſoldiers, but not anſwer... ſo readily as was expected, he was threatened with ...ng his brains immediately blown out unleſs he ſtopped: ... merchant of the town paſſing the Grand Guard this night ...ut ten o'clock, was ſeveral times challenged by the ſoldiers, ... upon telling them, that as an inhabitant, he was not ...ed to anſwer, nor had they any buſineſs with him; they ...ed, that this was a garriſon town, and accordingly they ...nted their bayonets to his breaſt, took and detained him ...ſoner for above half an hour, when he was ſet free; ...g procured the names of thoſe who had thus uſed him, ... proſecuting them for the ſame; and we may expect ... to have it determined, whether we are or are not a pro... garriſon town.——*Perhaps by treating the moſt reſpecta... of our inhabitants in this ſort, it is intended to impreſs ...minds with formidable ideas of a military government, ...we may be induced the ſooner to give up ſuch trifling ...s as rights and privileges, in ſupport of which we are ... ſuffering ſuch great inſults and injuries.*

Dec. 1. A gentleman of great diſtinction in the province of Nova-Scotia, in his letter of October laſt, writes, "I ...nt to hear the conſequences of the troops arrival in Boſton; ...eems extremely ſingular that they ſhould be drawn off ...m a frontier province, when there are ſo many garriſons ...t ſtanding, well ſupplied with artillery and ammunition, ...d no one to prevent a ſmall body of enemies from taking ...ſſeſſion of them, and ſent to ſuch a place as Boſton, where ...ey cannot be wanted or deſired; unleſs your conſtitution ... government is to be altered, and the great men at home ...e apprehenſive it may occaſion ſome oppoſition, I ſee not ...hy they are ſent there; and if there ſhould be an oppoſition, ...hat can *one thouſand* do towards *enforcing* thoſe meaſures?" ——*It muſt certainly be an eaſe to the writer of this letter, ...nd other well-wiſhers to the ſafety and proſperity of Nova-Scotia, to find that Lord William Campbell has ſo far ſuc...ceeded in his applications and negotiations this way, as to be ...ble to return to his government with one man of war, and ...a draft of not leſs than twenty-five battalion men from the ...th regiment, which has been ſpared from the Boſton ſervice for the protection of Halifax this winter.*

Dec. 2. We have advice that the people of the back ...ttlements in South-Carolina, who have lately made move...nts very alarming, and dangerous to the peace of that colony, are now quiet, and waiting for a redreſs of their grievances in a conſtitutional way. From that province the regular troops had been withdrawn, in order, as it was ſaid, to *aſſiſt* the civil magiſtrates of Boſton in the *execution* of their duty; however, it ſeems, the *prudence* and *moderation* of their *Governor* and *Lieutenant-Governor*, has done more to reſtore order, and give *efficacy* to the laws, than would have been effected with all the military force now in America.

The accounts from North-Carolina are, that a great number of men, who call themſelves Regulators, had muſtered in the back part of that province for a redreſs of grievances; againſt this body the Governor marched 1500 of the militia, and when within about twelve miles of each other, they came to a parly; and upon aſſurances given the Regulators by the Governor, that methods ſhould be taken for their relief, they ſeparated, and returned to their ſettlements. We do not learn that *Governor Tryon*, notwithſtanding this grand and alarming confederacy, has made any application *for regular troops to quell and diſperſe it*, when he might reaſonably have expected to have received at leaſt as many regiments as has been ſent, as it is ſaid, to aſſiſt our G———r and the C——m————rs in *quelling diſturbances in Boſton*; but on the contrary, like a *wiſe* and *brave* Governor, he adventured with the *militia* of the province to perform that ſervice, whereby the people have been leſs *irritated*, and a *vaſt expence ſaved to the nation*, for which he will be more entitled than ſome other Governors, to a *national allowance*.

A fire broke out the laſt night, in the barracks, called Murray's, which had it not been diſcovered juſt as it was, muſt not only have proved fatal to many of the ſoldiers, and the women and children quartered therein, but might have occaſioned the deſtruction of a conſiderable part of the town; thoſe buildings having been judiciouſly pitched upon for barracks, though ſtanding in the very centre of the town, and within a few feet of the largeſt pile of wooden buildings in the province.

This night about ten o'clock, as ſome principal gentlemen of the town, with their ladies, were returning home, having lanthorns with them, they were hailed by a military guard placed at Weſt-Boſton, and refuſing to declare themſelves friends, though they informed them they were inhabitants, who thought themſelves not under a military, but a civil government, and therefore not liable to be thus called upon, they were ſtopped and detained ſo long in the ſtreet, in a very cold ſeaſon, that one of the married ladies, through the cold and ſurpriſe, is now much indiſpoſed.—*The practice of challenging the inhabitants, for a ſhort time was laid aſide; we cannot ſay to what influence it is owing, that it is re-aſſumed by all the guards ſcattered through the town, though it is thought we are obliged for it to thoſe perſons whoſe miſrepreſentations have procured troops to be quartered among us, and who have been all along endeavouring to create plauſible pretences for their continuance in this town.*

The man who was the laſt week condemned to be hanged, by a court martial held on board his Majeſty's ſhip Mermaid, was this day brought on deck for execution; no formalities uſed on ſuch ſolemn occaſions were omitted, and when the condemned perſon, the people in the ſhips of war, and on the wharfs, were expecting his being turned off, a pardon was brought to him.——*Commodore Hood, in this act of humanity and mercy, has given no unfavourable idea of his prudence and capacity as an officer.*

Dec. 3. Arrived his Majeſty's ſhip Roſe, of 20 guns, from England, laſt from New-Providence, where ſhe landed his Excellency Thomas Shirley, Eſq; lately appointed Governor of the Bahama-Iſlands, in the room of his father, Major-General William Shirley, who was Governor of this province, when the famous expedition to Louiſbourg was projected, and that fortreſs and iſland reduced by a body of New-England forces, in 1745. This army was wholly raiſed, equipped and ſupplied in leſs than ſix weeks time, without *the knowledge* of, or any *aſſiſtance from* the Britiſh adminiſtration; the arrival of Admiral Warren, with ſome ſhips of war, being *purely accidental*. This was an acquiſition *ſo important*, that Mr. Pelham, the then prime miniſter, declared in the houſe of commons, that for the reſtoration thereof, France had *relinquiſhed* all the fruits of ſeveral ſucceſsful campaigns, and *given peace to Europe*; but notwithſtanding this eſſential ſervice rendered the mother country during that war, as alſo in twice preſerving Nova-Scotia to the crown with the militia ſent from hence, which repelled the French invaders, and the vaſt aid in men and money cheerfully afforded the crown in the late war, on the requiſition of that great miniſter Mr. Pitt, which involved us in a debt we are ſtill ſtaggering under: Beſides what the colonies yielded to Britain by way of trade, which the great commoner declared in Parliament, amounted to two millions, and was what *chiefly contributed* to the aſtoniſhing ſucceſſes of the war. We ſay notwithſtanding all this, the colonies in general, and this province in particular, ſeem to be conſidered by ſome of the ſucceſſors of the great commoner, to be of little or *no conſequence* to the nation, but rather *a burden upon them*;—hence it is that the ſupport of a number of before unheard of officers has been thought of ſo much importance, that the *trade, ſecurity, peace* and *happineſs* of all North-America, have been in effect ſacrificed to thoſe *voracious* ſtate collectors; and the colonies, and this province in particular, by the *ſuſpenſion* of its legiſlation, and the quartering a *ſtanding army* upon them in a time of peace; has been treated with a *ſeverity* and *indignity*, that can never be *forgot*, unleſs this people are under the powerful actings of thoſe principles of chriſtianity, which ſome modern biſhops have repreſented to the nation, and the world, that Americans *have wholly* loſt ſince their Emigration from their native country.

The Roſe man of war is remembered by New-England men as the ſhip that carried off their famous G———r Sir Edmond Andros; but whether ſhe is now to carry the more ——famous G———r B——d, as was reported, cannot as yet be aſcertained. A *Shirley* and a *Pownal*, recommended themſelves to adminiſtration, the *firſt*, by the influence he had in his aſſembly to engage them in the Louiſbourg expedition, and other expenſive and ſucceſsful ſervices for the crown; *the latter*, in that he was able to obtain a vote, and carry it into effect, for the raiſing 7000 men in his province, to join the army under General Amherſt, in the reduction of Canada; notwithſtanding the aid he had given in the former campaigns of that war, and that about 3000 of our men were then engaged in other ſervices, for the common cauſe. G. B. has hardly been able for two years paſt to carry *one ſingle point* with the court; he has made *the beſt connections* in the province his *perſonal* enemies, and incurred the *hatred* and *averſion* of at leaſt *ninety-nine* in a hundred of the people of his government; as well as expoſed himſelf to the *contempt* and *reſentment* of the other colonies; but if we may form any conjecture from the plan of politics, which our late ſtateſmen ſeem to have adopted, which is to *irritate, inflame* and *drive*, rather than *conciliate* and *draw*; we cannot but ſay that the *chance of a continuance* is in favour of this ſaid G———r, however it is thought a little time will determine, not only the fate of *ſuch politicians*, but what muſt eſſentially affect the whole *Britiſh empire*.

Dec. 4. It is obſerved with pleaſure that the guards are now relieved on Lord's day morning one hour ſooner than on other days, which allows the ſoldiery to attend public worſhip in ſeaſon; that there is now much leſs martial muſic on the Sabbath than has been heard ſince the firſt arrival of the troops.

Dec. 5. The court of admiralty for the trial of the libels entered againſt John Hancock, Eſq; and others, is further continued.—The moſt exorbitant and unheard of demand of about £. 50,000 ſterl. to compenſate for a ſmall cargo of wine, would have been ſhocking to perſons of common humanity, had the whole of it been ſmuggled; which the cuſtom-houſe book will evince was not the caſe, how much is ſuch grievance heightened by frequent continuations, whereby the ſubject may be kept in ſuſpence, contrary to the principles of equity, and the declaration of Magna Charta.——"*A delay of juſtice is a denial of it.*"

The chief civil magiſtrate in the province has, it ſeems, received, if hot aſked, the aid of the military; for we now behold centry boxes fixed at the gates of the province houſe, and guards placed there for his better protection.——*A king of England being once aſked by a foreign Prince, "Where are your guards, Sire?" immediately replied, "The affections of my people;"——A ſecurity, honour and happineſs, which all the military force of Great-Britain can never reſtore to our preſent G———r.*

On Tueſday evening laſt, between ſix and ſeven o'clock, a houſeholder in this town was met by three ſoldiers; who at firſt paſſed by him, the ſpace of a few rods, but ſoon returned, damning him, and aſking why he did not anſwer when hailed; immediately upon which, one of them without any provocation gave him a blow, which was ſeconded by another, whereby he was brought to the ground; they ſtamped upon him, uſing means to prevent his calling out; when they robbed him of all the money in his pocket, which happened to be but three Piſtareens.—*Theſe ſoldiers doubtleſs expected a much larger booty: May our great plunderers experience a like diſappointment.*

We are aſſured that the members of his Majeſty's C——l of this province have taken effectual meaſures to clear their late humble petition to his Majeſty for the redreſs of our public grievances, from the miſrepreſentations and falſe gloſſes, which there is too much reaſon to ſuſpect has been put upon it, by what Lord H—lſ—gh ſtiles the *reaſonings* of G. B.——*It has been long a misfortune to this province, and the colonies in general, that ſo much credit has been given by adminiſtration to the* NARRATIONS, GLOSSES *and* COMMENTS *of their enemies here, that the ill-effects of them have been often experienced by us, before it was even ſuſpected that ſuch repreſentations had been made.*

Dec. 6. This day two of the ſoldiers concerned in ſtopping an inhabitant of this town the other evening, for refuſing to anſwer when hailed by the guards, were by warrant brought before Mr. Juſtice Dana; who conſidering the nature of the offence, bound them over to anſwer to the court of general ſeſſions of the peace of this county, to be held in January next.—*It is our happineſs and ſecurity, that we have recourſe to the common law; and that the times are not ſo corrupt, but we have Magiſtrates who have ſpirit enough to exert themſelves in ſupport of our common rights; ſhould the time ever come when the law of the land ſhall be made to yield and truckle to military power—what a ſcene of confuſion would then open upon a people ſo jealous of their liberty?*

Dec. 7. A general council this day, in the minutes thereof we ſuppoſe it will be recorded, *James Murray, Eſq; nominated and appointed a juſtice of the Quorum*; though but TWO of the members as it is ſaid, *gave their voice* for the ſame.——While ſuch *wiſe methods* are purſued for *bracing* up government by putting perſons of *family* and *influence* in the province into the Magiſtracy, our enemies may flatter themſelves that they ſhall not for the future hear of any difficulties thrown in the way of *quartering troops upon us*; or of the inhabitants *daring* to expreſs *any ſort of diſlike* at the behaviour of men in power.

The G——r was pleased to say, that he should not in time to come nominate any more *honorary justices*; but only such as would engage to be acting ones in that office.—— Whereupon a worthy gentleman whose name had been mentioned at the board had the go-by; and Mr. William Coffin, jun. was nominated, and appointed a justice of the peace for this town and county, being the *second* made magistrate on the *reforming plan* proposed by Lord Hillsborough.——One of the members of the Council had, at the late board, made a representation and complaint of the great insult which had been offered him by the soldiery, when passing over the neck in his chariot, but instead of its being properly, if at all noticed by the G——r, he was this day pleased to acquaint the council, that he understood from Colonel Pomeroy, that there was *a combination of the inhabitants of the town*, not to answer to the challenges of the guards, which he observed was a breaking in upon the *rules* and *orders* of the *military*, might occasion *disturbances*, and be attended with *ill consequences*. It is said one of the members observed upon it, that he believed there was a *combination*, but that is was a combination of some gentlemen of influence, designed to oppose, in the steps of the law, and prevent the further repetition of violence and disorder, which have been too frequently committed since the arrival of the troops in this town. [*To be continued in our next.*]

BOSTON, JANUARY 9.

The Speaker of the late House of Representatives for this Province, received the following Letter by last Post.

SIR,

BY Order of the General Assembly of this Colony, I am to acknowledge the Receipt of your Letter of the 11th February last; and am directed to assure you that they are much obliged to your House of Representatives for freely communicating their Sentiments on a Subject so interesting to all the Colonies; and are so far from considering it as a Desire of dictating to the other Assemblies, that they highly applaud them for their Attention to American Liberty; and hope the Measures they have taken on this important Occasion, will fully convince them that the General Assembly of the Colony of New-York, harmonises with those of the other Colonies in their Representations for Redress: They perfectly agree with your House in their Opinion of the fatal Consequences which must inevitably attend the Operation of the several Acts of Parliament imposing Taxes and Duties in the American Colonies; and have therefore prepared Petitions to his Majesty, and the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and a Representation to the Commons of Great-Britain, praying Relief from the Grievances they labour under: They entertain with your House the firmest Confidence in his Majesty's known Clemency and tender Regard for all his Subjects, and the Candour and Justice of the British Parliament, and are not without Hopes that the united Supplications of all the Colonies will prevail on our most gracious Sovereign and the Parliament, to grant effectual Redress, and put a Stop for the future to Measures so directly repugnant to the true Interest of the Mother Country and the Colonies.

In the Name, and by Order of the General Assembly,
I am, with the greatest Respect,
Your most obedient humble Servant,
PHILIP LIVINGSTON, Speaker.

Assembly-Chamber, City of New-York,
the 31st Day of December, 1768.

NEW-YORK, JANUARY 9.

On Monday last, his Excellency the Governor, was pleased to dissolve the House of Assembly, with the following speech.

GENTLEMEN,

THE address presented to me on the 23d of November last, in answer to my message concerning the riot which was insolently attempted in this city, since the meeting of the House of Assembly, gave me the most sanguine expectations, that the present session would have terminated with honour to yourselves, and real benefit to your constituents: The general abhorrence without doors of all immoderate measures, confirmed me in these sentiments, and it is with the utmost concern, I am now under the necessity of expressing myself in terms as painful and disagreeable to me, as they possibly can be to the House.

The extraordinary nature of certain resolves lately entered on your journals; some flatly repugnant to the laws of Great-Britain, and others, with an apparent tendency to give offence, where common prudence would avoid it, have put it out of my power to continue this Assembly any longer.

I observe by your journals, that you have prepared representations of the state of the Colony to be presented to his Majesty; claims that respect the supremacy of Great-Britain, are of so important and delicate a nature, that every motive of duty and interest, urge you at this critical juncture, to avoid offence, and conciliate a favourable audience to your petitions. From the late assurances you gave me, I hope they are expressed in such terms of decency and respect, as may recommend them to the Royal Ear, and merit the attention of the Parliament.

For my own part, I have steadily aimed at, and shall still continue my endeavours to promote the prosperity of the colony; and I cannot help lamenting, that you have suffered an intemperate heat so far to prevail in your House, that my duty forbids me to countenance your present conduct; for, after you had once resolved to lay your case before his Majesty, it must evidently appear, that the measures you have since pursued, were not only unnecessary, but in the present exigency of affairs, dangerous to the colony.

I still entertain so good an opinion of the House in general, that I am willing to impute these proceedings to error; and shall in my representations of them to his Majesty, place them in the properest light, to prevent, as far as lays in my power, any unfavourable misconceptions of the people committed to my care, and do that justice which is required at my hands to the many, who have the real interest of the country at heart; and who have wished to see fairer prospects of advantage derived to the community from your session, than the conclusion of it seems to promise.——I do now, in his Majesty's name, dissolve this Assembly; and this Assembly is hereby dissolved accordingly. H. MOORE.

JANUARY 23. *His Majesty has been pleased to appoint* HUGH WALLACE, *Esq; one of his Council for this Province, in the Room of the Honourable* WILLIAM WALTON, *Esq; deceased.*

Extract of a Letter from London, dated November 17.

"*The next packet from your side, I hope will bring orders less clogged with political limitations. At present the attention of every body is fixed upon the parliament. It is generally thought that they will confirm the obnoxious measures heretofore taken; however, it is yet uncertain. In the debate that arose on the motion for returning the thanks of the house to the king for his speech, there were not wanting some powerful speakers on the side of America and liberty; Mr. Burk, Mr. Lascelles, Sir George Saville, Col. Barre, Lord Strange, and some others, the great orators of the house: The same gentlemen, with Mr. Beckford, spoke strongly in favour of Mr. Wilkes, whose petition is now before the house. They have ordered a copy of the records of the proceedings on his case, to be laid before them, and the good or ill fate of that petition, will be a certain criterian by which we may judge of the principles of the House, with respect to America. If the ministry have a majority in the house, America and Wilkes must expect the same fate.*"

PHILADELPHIA, JANUARY 5.

Extract of a Letter from London, dated October 6, 1768.

"*I see, and see with much Concern, the Discontents in America increasing daily, on Account of this late Paper and Glass Act. I cannot easily conceive how this Affair will terminate. It is somewhat unlucky, that another Bone of Contention should so soon succeed the late Stamp-Act, which must necessarily, for some Time at least, be of considerable Prejudice to the Trade and Interest of us both. But I have often seen much Good arise from very unpromising Beginnings. And in the present Case, Matters are now come so far, that a final Settlement will probably take Place between us, whether or not America shall, in future, be subject to the Payment of Taxes imposed in Britain; and when this is agitating, you may, perhaps, obtain Relief from other Obstructions under which your Trade labours, which if greatly, and, may be, needlessly prejudicial to you, must, in Fact, be hurtful to the Mother Country; for I must, and will consider our Interests as essentially the same, though some People would fain try to separate them.*"

Mr. CROUCH,

SUFFER a sincere well-wisher to the natural rights of mankind in general, and to those of Americans in particular, to convey through the channel of your paper, a hint to the good people of this province, which, if taken, will probably contribute more to the removal of those grievances America labours under, than whole reams of paper wrote in defence of their liberties, or in petitions and remonstrances.

Casuists agree, that in certain circumstances, resistance to government, is not only lawful but necessary; but I think they also maintain, that it should be the last recourse, the *dernier resort* of an injured people, after every other trial for relief have proved ineffectual: The attachment and affection of the Americans to the parent state, strongly inculcate this principle; from whence it naturally results, that the period is very remote, when opposition may be warranted upon a legal, justifiable footing, for various expedients still remain untried, before a people so full of filial duty and devotion, can possibly think of separating themselves from a union, where nature and inclination have so long been the cement; one of those expedients it is now my purpose to submit and recommend to the consideration of my countrymen.——We have tried without success hitherto, petition after petition, remonstrance after remonstrance, the justice of our claims have been asserted and demonstrated, beyond a possibility of being answered, and the flimsy, futile attempts that have been made to controvert them, (adopted with great parade by a neighbouring Governor *) serve only to make them more manifest and conspicuous; prudence and duty, and every other consideration, require that we should still go on trying every means that invention can suggest, to avoid if possible the great crisis, which unavoided, must ultimately determine the dispute.

Some of the Northern colonies have set us a laudable example, in stopping the importation of goods from Great-Britain, and nothing more is wanting to effect our deliverance, than harmonizing and uniting heartily and unanimously with them in this measure. *A glorious opportunity* now presents itself to the people of South-Carolina, which may make them the happy instruments of contributing very largely to the general redemption of themselves and fellow-subjects throughout America, from the state of vassalage and reproach, which some late unconstitutional acts have brought upon them, and by so doing, to acquire immortal honour and praise.

The three years prohibition of Negroes, is just now expired, and swarms of those people may be expected here in the course of the following year; it is a great and extensive branch of trade, and a disappointment in it will have a diffusive influence.——Every lover and friend of his country will readily anticipate my meaning and wish;——it is, that every planter in the province, would firmly and strictly resolve, and join hand in hand, in a fixed determination, not to purchase *one single slave* hereafter imported, until the present system of politics in respect to America is exploded and done away, and the inhabitants thereof re-instated in, and restored to, the natural, legal and constitutional rights, liberties and immunities of English subjects: This measure would give such an instantaneous and violent shock to the trade of the nation, as would alarm them in the only point wherein they seem at present susceptible, and from the powerful motive of self-interest, would raise us up friends and advocates in every quarter. When they are informed that six or seven thousand Negroes, or if you please, Fellow-Slaves, have been turned out of our ports for want of purchasers, and that we are inflexibly determined to abide by our resolution not to purchase *any*, till we can do it upon the honourable footing of Freemen, the pangs they will feel upon the occasion, will be out of the reach even of parliamentary omnipotence to cure, and their only remedy will be, to do us justice and right: The Negroes so rejected, must be sent to some other market, where it may be hoped, the same common interest and views will produce the same effect; but should it not, all the other colonies, being in the usual course of trade, supplied with a number proportioned to their wants and demand, so great a superfluity and redundancy, must necessarily bring down the price so low as to occasion great and inevitable loss, in either case the consequence will be the same.

The writer of this is too inconsiderable to set himself up as an example, but though he has no prospects or expectations, independant of the planting interest, for the support of himself and a large family, yet he will chearfully fall in, and unite under the banners and influence of some spirited and active leader, and will co-operate, with his utmost power, on this momentous occasion, at the risque of every inconvenience and peril; being purswaded that, besides the real inward pleasure naturally arising from a good intention, the measure well pursued, will terminate in the most happy consequences. *I am, Yours, &c.*

A PLANTER.

* *See Governor* Wright's *speech, at the dissolution of the Georgia Assembly.*

CHARLES-TOWN, FEBRUARY 7.

THE General Assembly of New-York being dissolved, Writs were issued for electing a new One, returnable the 14th ult.

The Transport Ship from Ireland for Boston, with Col. Mackey, some other Officers, and Part of the 65th Regiment on board, which was a missing Vessel, is put into Nevis, having been blown off the Coast of New-England.

We learn that two of Dr. Turnbull's People, who were Ringleaders in the late Disturbances at the Muskeetoes, having been convicted at the Court of Assize, &c. lately holden at St. Augustine, were sentenced to be hanged, and executed accordingly.

On Tuesday 31st ult. the great Match between William-Henry Drayton, Esqr's, Roan Horse ADOLPHUS, and Mr. Thomas Nightingale's Bay Horse SHADOW, wt. 9 st. each, 4 Mile Heats, was run for at New-Market, and won HOLLOW, by

	H.	H.
SHADOW, aged, got by Babram, and bred in England,	1	1
ADOLPHUS, rising 6 Years, got by Brutus, and bred in Carolina,	2	2

By several Stop Watches, it appeared they did not exceed Eight Minutes and an Half in running 4 Miles.

Odds at starting 3 to 1 on the Winner.

N. B. ADOLPHUS did not want two Months of being 6 Years old, therefore the Author of the *South-Carolina Gazette*, was under a Mistake, in calling him *a Colt*.

We hear SHADOW is willing to run with any Horse in the Province, agreeable to Offers made by Gentlemen of the Turf this Season, his wt. not to exceed 9 st.

The same Day Captain Pickles arrived here from London, who on January 13th, in Lat. 29, 18, Long. 62, 38 West, parted with Captain John Anderson, in the Ship Cæsar, from Liverpool, for Virginia, all well.

The Brig Gambia, John Keast, Master, from Georgia for Liverpool, is put into Antigua.

We learn from the Northward, that they had scarce any Winter Weather there throughout the Month of December.

Thursday last Mrs. Rachel Willson, an eminent Preacher among Friends, came to Town by Land from Philadelphia, and the next Day she preached at the Quaker's-Meeting, as also on Sunday at the old Baptist-Meeting, to crouded Audiences of all Denominations of People; and we hear, she sets out in a few Days for Pine-Tree.

On the first Instant, Captain John Wells, of the Brig Berkley, from Rotterdam, spoke with Captain William Armstrong, off Port-Royal, bound from Bristol for Cape-Fear, all well.

In our last we mentioned the Loss of the Ship Hopewell, John Turner, Master, of this Port, which proves to be a Mistake, as Letters have been since received from the said Master, which inform, That the beginning of December, in a Gale of Wind, he was drove ashore at the Downs, where he lay nine Days, but at last got off, without receiving any Damage, and had sailed for Dover Pier to heave down.

On the 29th ult. the Brig Savage, John Dickinson, Master, sailed from hence for Madera, but at 12 o'Clock the same Night, the Captain found she made much Water, which obliged him to keep one Pump constantly going; the next Day the Water gained so fast upon her, that he and his Crew were obliged to quit her, and were taken up by the Captains Minshall and Blythe, who sailed at the same Time with him.—In a Day or two after, Captain Dickinson, and two of his Hands, got on board of Captain Rodgers, bound in here from the West-Indies, who arrived on Friday Evening.

We hear, that Writs for electing Members for a new Assembly, are ordered to be prepared, and will be issued on Wednesday next.

The Beaufain, Captain Catlin, is arrived from Barbados, with Slaves.

MARRIED] William Wragg, Esq; to Miss Henrietta Wragg, Daughter of the late Joseph Wragg, Esq.

No material Alteration in the PRICE-CURRENT, since our last.

☞ Advertisements omitted this Week, for want of Room, will be in our next.

ARRIVALS from this Port.

The Friendship, Ball, jun. and Union, Bell, at London —The Molly, Brown, at Lisbon.—The Little-Nancy, Higgs, at New-Providence.—The Sally, Hunt, and David, Henshaw, at New-York.—The Cape-Fear Packet, Scott, at Cape-Fear.

Jan.	CUSTOM-HOUSE, ENTRIES INWARD.	*From*
31st.	Snow Portland, George Higgins,	London
	Sloop Josephus, Daniel Fulgier,	Nantucket
Feb. 1.	Brig Ranger, William Pickles,	London
	Sloop Sally, Peter Schermerhorn,	New-York
2d.	Sloop Polly, Samuel Wright,	Philadelphia
	Sloop Pensacola-Packet, William Rogers,	St. Augustine
3d.	Snow Resolution, Charles Chevalier,	Bilboa
	Sloop Betsey, Robert Savage,	New-Providence
4th.	Brig Good-Intent, George Gould,	Lisbon
	Brig Jane, John Smith,	Anstruther
	Ship Charming Sally, Peter Rainier,	St. Thomas
6th.	Brig Berkley, John Wells,	Rotterdam
	Schooner Liberty, Richard Churchill,	Georgia
Jan.	REPORTED.	*From*
31st.	Ship Hope, John Robinson,	Rotterdam
4th.	Schooner Balmer, James Rogers,	St. Eustatia
Jan.	ENTRIES OUTWARD.	*For*
31st.	Ship Live-Oak, Andrew Lundberry,	Bristol
Feb. 3.	Brig Tyrrel, Thomas Arwin,	Antigua
4th.	Brig Jenny, Robert Ewin,	Ditto
	Sloop Josephus, Daniel Folgier,	Nantucket
	Schooner William, Richard Cox,	Salem
6th.	Brig Harriott, Charles Dawson,	Jamaica
Jan.	CLEARED FOR DEPARTURE.	*For*
31st.	Schooner Expedition, John Doran,	St. Augustine
	Sloop Sally, Joseph Blewer,	Philadelphia
	Ship Minerva, Thomas Arnott,	Gosport
	Ship Unity, Fabian Spurier,	Lisbon
	Brig Duke of Athol, Robert Grinly,	Ditto
Feb. 1.	Snow Concord, James Simpson,	Cowes
	Brig Hambleton, William Davis	Ditto
3d.	Brig Carolina-Society, Clement Conyers	Oporto
	Brig Belvidere, Lawrence Farrell,	Cowes
4th.	Ship Mermaid, Samuel Ball,	London
	Brig Adventure, William Frost,	Lisbon
	Schooner Mercury, Ralph Bolton,	St. Kitts
	Ship Hope, Robert Cowie,	Cowes
6th.	Sloop Fox, Elisha Hinman,	Hispaniola
	Ship Heart of Oak, Henry Gunn,	London

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TICKETS for the SUBSCRIPTION CONCERT, to be performed at Mr. Dillon's, on Wednesday the 15th Inst. will be delivered at Mr. Rutledge's, in Beresford's-Alley, by

ANTHONY LABBE.

JUST ARRIVED, from CAMDEN, CAROLINA FLOUR in Barrels and Half Barrels, SHIP BREAD, the Quality will recommend itself, and will be sold reasonable by the Quantity, by WILLIAM ANCRUM, and AARON LOOCOCK.

Just imported from BOSTON,

In the Schooner William, David Brace, *Master, and to be sold by said Master, at a Store on the Market Wharf,*

CHOICE Northward RUM, Benecallo WINE, Marvella ditto, Jordan ALMONDS, RAISINS of the sun, London SUGAR, Spermaceti CANDLES, choice Bohea TEA, &c.

JONES & RICHARDSON,

have just received from LONDON, GLASGOW, *and* BRISTOL, *by the Captains* Higgins, M'Larthy, *and* Arthar, *a* LARGE SUPPLY *of such* GOODS *as are usually imported from these places, which with what they had before on hand make their assortment compleat, to be sold on the usual terms at their store in Broad-street, where their country friends orders will be faithfully and punctually executed.*

A Consignment of EAST-INDIA GOODS, among which are some flowered and brocaded gorgoroons, a few painted taffety, and other silks, cambricks, lawns, fine and cambrick handkerchiefs ready hemed, a few very rich silk breeches pieces, will be sold at the above place, for CASH ONLY, much under the common advance, and having been purchased with the cash at first hands will come very cheap.

THE subscriber gives this public notice, to all persons indebted to the estate of WILLIAM JOOR, by bond, note or book-debt, that they make immediate payment, as there is an absolute necessity for closing the affairs of the said estate; such persons as neglect, will find their accounts *without distinction*, after the first day of May next, in the hands of William Burrows, Esquire.

JOHN JOOR, Executor.

TO BE SOLD,

ONE Thousand Bushels of as good white flint CORN as any in the province, to be delivered at my Landing. Apply to me at my Plantation on John's-Island.

tf. JOHN HOLMES.

ALL Persons that have any Demands on the Estate of JAMES KID, deceased, are desired to bring in their accounts properly attested, and those indebted to the said estate are desired to make speedy Payment unto

Feb. 3, 1769. JOHN BERKLEY, Administrator.

THE Co-partnership of ROBERT and SAMUEL BURN, being just expired, and as there is an absolute necessity for a speedy Settlement of their Affairs, it is therefore expected that all Persons indebted to them will immediately Discharge their respective Accounts, as the Situation of their Affairs will by no means admit of Indulgence.

Feb. 3, 1769. ROBERT & SAMUEL BURN.

JOHN LORD, Carver and Gilder,

as imported in the PORTLAND, *Captain* HIGGINS,

Has a Good assortment of glasses of the most useful sizes; likewise a small collection of the very best plaister of Paris figures, busts and heads, bronzed and white, which will be sold very reasonable at his shop in Meeting-street, directly opposite to the Hon. Egerton Leigh, Esq; where all gilding and gilding in all their branches, both in the house and furniture way, are performed, viz. pier glasses of all sizes, chimney ditto, gerandoles, picture frames, console tables, brackets for busts, &c. chimney pieces, capitals in all the orders, trusses, stair-case brackets, and mouldings, with all kinds of carving in the French, Chinese, and Gothic tastes, which he will engage to execute in a workmanlike manner on as low terms as possible.—Old gilding repaired, and glasses silvered.

Just imported in the sloop Sally, Peter Schermerhorn, *master, from NEW-YORK, and to be sold cheap at a store he now has on Champneys's wharf,*

CHOICE New-York RUM, the best of New-York PALE, ship BREAD, butter, milk, and water ditto, superfine FLOUR, APPLES, STARCH of the very best quality, BAR IRON, the neatest and newest patterns of BRASS DOGS.

N. B. Said SLOOP will sail with all convenient speed for NEW-YORK; for freight or passage, apply to said master on board at Champneys's wharf.

A NEW EDITION of the WORKS of the celebrated JOHN WILKES, Esq; is now publishing in New-York, by Mr. JAMES RIVINGTON, Bookseller, in three Vols. Octavo, at the low Price of Two DOLLARS and a QUARTER the Set.—The Paper manufactured, and all the Printing performed in America.

SUBSCRIPTIONS taken in by CHARLES CROUCH, in Elliott-street.

ONE THOUSAND POUNDS Currency, to be let at Interest, on good Personal Security. Enquire of the Printer.

JOHN POTTER,

Has just imported in the Sloop Polly, *Captain* Wright, *from PHILADELPHIA, and to be sold at Messrs. Berwick's Shop, near the Beef-Market,*

BEST DOUBLE BEER, HARD SOAP, APPLES, &c. &c. &c.

ELINOR BOLTON, Pastry-Cook,

(Late house-keeper to Lord Charles-Greville Montagu)

RETURNS her most humble thanks to those gentlemen and ladies that has been pleased to honour her with their custom, and hopes for a continuance of their favours; she still makes when bespoken at her house in Tradd-street, near King-street, all sorts of pastry at the lowest prices, rich plumb cake iced, biskt and seed ditto, mackeroons, jellys and syllybubs, white custard in glasses, lemon, orange, citron, and almond pudings, rice cups in custard, blomage, lemon, orange, and apple creams, orange pye, tarts and cheese cakes of all sorts, preserved oranges, apples, &c. &c.—☞ *Clear-starching, and blond lace washed to the greatest perfection.*

WANTED IMMEDIATELY, to go to East-Florida, for six months certain,

TWO house-carpenters, one ship-carpenter or boat-builder, one wheelwright, one smith, either white men or negroes; also an orderly white woman, who understands the management of a family, will meet with good encouragement, by applying to the printer.

At the south-end of the BAY,

Opposite Roper's wharf,

OLD RUM of all kinds, old French brandy, cherry rum, Hollands geneva by the case or gallon, Madera and Vidonia wine by the dozen or gallon, Fontenac in pint bottles, tea, coffee, chocolate, raisins, figs, almonds, neat Barbados sweet meats, tamarinds, marmalet, currant jellies, ginger, mustard, pimento, black pepper, anchovies, sallad oil, loaf and muscovado sugars, Philadelphia soap, corks, white and ship bread, ceader berry syrrup, salt, &c. &c. to be sold cheap for cash, by JOHN SNELLING.

N. B. *A chest of neat flavoured HYSON TEA, just imported, at 5l. 10s. lb.*

For COWES and the MARKETS,

THE BRIGANTINE

BERKLEY,

JOHN WELLS, MASTER.

A Remarkable strong Vessel, burthen 850 Barrels. For Freight, apply to

JOHN CHAPMAN, & Co.

For PHILADELPHIA,

THE SLOOP

POLLY,

SAMUEL WRIGHT, MASTER.

LAYING at Col. Beale's wharf, a new vessel and prime sailer, has excellent accommodations for passengers, will sail in four days, wind and weather permiting. For freight or passage, apply to said master on board, or to WILLIAM SYKES, at his store on Col. Beale's wharf.

WILLIAM SYKES,

HAS FOR SALE, just imported in said vessel,

HAYNE's and Pusey's best double beer, superfine flour in barrels and half barrels, ship bread, Philadelphia rum, good sweet cyder, Hopkin's biscuit, cheese, a quantity of earthen ware, with sundry other articles.

The SUBSCRIBER,

Attorney for RICHARD BERESFORD, *Esquire,*

GIVES public notice to all persons indebted to the said RICHARD BERESFORD, that unless their respective debts be discharged by the first day of March next, he will be under the necessity of suing for the same without distinction or further notice.

WILLIAM LOGAN.

TO BE SOLD,

A Strong, healthy NEGRO WENCH, aged about 25 Years, who can cook and wash tolerable well; together with her MALE CHILD, about 8 Years old.—For further Particulars, enquire of the Printer.

TO BE SOLD at public vendue, on Thursday the 23d of February next, if a fair day, if not, the next fair day afterwards, at the plantation whereon George Beaird, *deceased, lately lived, on English Santee,*

ALL the personal estate of said deceased, consisting of a parcel of very valuable slaves, a stock of cattle, horses, sheep, hogs, goats, household goods, &c. also the said plantation, containing 200 acres. The conditions will be made known on the day of sale. All persons having any demands against the said estate, are desired to bring in their accounts properly attested; all persons who are indebted are requested to make speedy payment unto

MARGARET BEAIRD, Administratrix.
GEORGE BEAIRD, Administrator.

TO BE SOLD,

A Very valuable NEGRO FELLOW, about 20 years of age, faithful, honest, and sober, and fit either for a family or to wait on a single gentleman, or as a waiter in a tavern; he also understands the barbers business; he is sold for no fault, but his owner having no further use for him. Enquire of the printer.

ALL persons having any demands against the estate of SAMUEL TAYLOR, late of Prince-Frederick's parish, deceased, are desired to bring in the same properly attested, that they may receive an equal dividend, according to their several demands, by the first day of April next.

ANN TAYLOR, Administratrix.

THE Sale of the Estate of *Henry de St. Julien*, Esq; deceased, which was to have been on Wednesday the 8th of February, is put off to Wednesday the 15th, as the Charles-Town Races will be on the former Day.

TO BE SOLD,

A Plantation or tract of land, lying in St. John's parish, about ten miles from Moncks Corner, and three miles from Mr. Peter Whitten's tavern, on the Congaree road, containing 433 acres, the plantation newly cleared and planted one year only, and has on it a good reservior of water, a large barn, stable, corn house, negro houses, and other necessary buildings all new.—One other tract of land, adjoining the before-mentioned tract, containing 350 acres, on which is a good plantation, with a dwelling house, &c. the two tracts making in the whole 783 acres of land, together with all manner of tools and utensils for planting, ox and horse carts, a new ox waggon, a small stock of tame cattle, among which are working oxen, a small stock of hogs, between 4 and 500 bushels of Indian corn, 100 bushels of seed rice, and a quantity of fodder; the land being in quality inferior to none in the province for rice, indico, hemp, and Indian corn.

Also to be sold at the same time,

SIXTEEN as valuable slaves as any in the province, among which are good sawyers. The subscriber is desirous to make the above sale speedily, on account of his bad state of health, which obliges him to leave the province as soon as possible. The purchaser or purchasers may have 5, 6, or 7 years credit, on paying a small part of the consideration money down, and giving bond with sufficient security for the rest, and paying yearly afterwards the interest.

And also almost all kinds of household furniture, will be sold, if wanted.

Any person or persons inclinable to purchase, may know the terms by applying to Mr. JOHN HATFIELD, in Charles-Town, or to the subscriber living on the land afore-mentioned. MATTHEW HARDY.

THE subscriber having a constant supply of as good fire-wood as any in town, proposes to follow the wood selling and carting business, he will be much obliged to those who may be pleased to favour him with their custom, as they may depend on being punctually served at Colonel Beale's wharf, by JOHN MILLS.

THE effects of JAMES GAILLARD, *deceased, advertised to be sold on Wednesday the 1st of February 1769, is put off to the 1st of March 1769, if a fair day, if not, on the next fair day following, when they will be sold at Mr. Joseph Winningham's ferry on Santee. The conditions will be ready money, to be paid to Mr. Theodore Gaillard, junior, to satisfy a bond and mortgage, and judgment; the property not to be altered until the conditions are complied with.*

MARY GAILLARD, Executrix.

ALL persons who have any legal demands against the estate of TIMOTHY BREED, late of Christ-Church parish, ship-carpenter, deceased, are hereby for the last time desired to make them known to the subscriber, by the 20th day of March next, at which time he proposes to make a distribution, according to law, and such who neglect to give in their demands by that time will be excluded, as the affairs will be closed, by

Feb. 1, 1769. WILLIAM BUSHELL.

TO BE SOLD at public vendue, on Tuesday the 23d of March 1769, at the plantation of GASPER MORGANDOLLAR, *deceased, at Wassamsaw, the following articles,*

HORSE WAGGONS and geers for the same, horse carts and cart wheels and bodies, empty barrels, provisions, tanned leather, a whip saw, plantation tools, guns, &c.—The conditions will be made known on the day of sale.

FRANCES MORGANDOLLAR, Executrix.
JOHN BROTHERER, Executor.

WANTS EMPLOYMENT,

A PERSON used to STORE-KEEPING, and being in a COMPTING-HOUSE.—For Particulars, enquire of the Printer.

RUN-AWAY from the subscriber's plantation near Combahee-ferry, in Prince William's parish, in June, 1768, a negro fellow named TOBY, about five feet six inches high, this country born; he formerly belonged to William Raven, Esq; deceased, and is well known on John's-Island, where he has been seen several times by different people. Whoever will apprehend the said fellow, and deliver him to me, or the warden of the workhouse in Charles-Town, shall receive a reward of TEN POUNDS. GODIN GUERARD.

A Bay mare, about 13 and an half hands high, branded on the mounting shoulder something like ∨, and has a spot behind the left ear.

A brown bay horse, about 12 hands high, branded on the mounting buttock thus J, and has some saddle spots.

A mouse coloured horse, about 13 and an half hands high, branded on the mounting shoulder S, and on the off buttock thus ⅁ in one.

A bay mare, about 13 and an half hands high, branded on the mounting shoulder thus 6, and has some saddle spots on her back. The owner or owners of the above strays, must prove their property before

JOHN JOOR.

TO BE LET by the subscriber,

TWO or three chair-houses, that will admit of any four-wheel carriage whatever.——Also a stable with a row of one or two stalls; the whole nearly opposite Robert Williams, Esq; in Tradd-street.

TIMOTHY CROSBY.

☞ Who wants immediately a good overseer, for a rice plantation, whereon are about 14 hands.

N. B. Some very good scaffling poles, to be sold, by CROSBY & TOOMER.

STOLEN or STRAYED away last Night, from Mr. John Shetterling's Door in King-street, a BLACK MARE, branded H, about 13 Hands high, a natural Pacer, having on Saddle and Saddle Bags. Whoever delivers the said Mare, Saddle and Saddle Bags, to HENRY FULKER, at the Sign of the Waggon, in Queen-street, shall have FIVE POUNDS Reward. *Feb.* 7, 1769.

WILLIAM BALL's ALMANACK, for the Year 1769, are to be sold by CHARLES CROUCH, in Elliott-street.

ISAAC MOTTE, & Co.

Have imported in the ships Heart of Oak *and* Little-Carpenter, *from* LONDON;

A compleat assortment of GOODS,

Fit for the present and approaching seasons,

AMONG WHICH ARE,

FASHIONABLE coloured broad cloths, with suitable trimmings, dark ground cottons to cut, very handsome bed patterns with thread fringe, book, flowered, striped and sprigged muslins, for ladies aprons and gowns, fashionable silks and ribbons, men, women and girls gloves, compleat sets of table and tea china, neat tea kitchens, double and single refined sugar, a tub of exceeding fine hyson tea, common green and bohea, raisins, currants, almonds in and out of the shell, pickles of all kinds, ladies dressing and toilet glasses, with toilet gauze, fashionable hats and cloaks, very neat mahogany razor cases, feather beds and leather matrasses, very cheap Irish linens, huckaback, napkining diaper and damask, clouting diaper and damask, clouting diaper and tea napkins, very fine white Russia drab, 15 hhds. of brown Nottingham ware, very cheap by the hhd. paints of all colours, linseed, train and lamp oil, window glass, best three strand seine twine, Dutch shoe thread, smiths bellows, bar iron, and many other articles too tedious to enumerate, all which they will dispose of on the most reasonable terms.

WEBB & DOUGHTY,

HAVE just imported per the Little-Carpenter, Maitland, *from* LONDON, *and the* St. Helena, Arthar, *from* BRISTOL, *and other late vessels, a variety of articles usually imported, among which are,*

A FEW neat London painted floor cloths of different sizes, Wilton's bedside and floor carpets, superfine fashionable cloths, very thin and light for mens summer wear, neat chints coloured and blue and white cotton bed patterns, two rich silk India counterpanes, a parcel of cheap Irish linens, oyster cloths, hosiery from the manufactory, two compleat setts of enamelled and blue and white table china, to be sold at nine for one CASH, French horns upon the key E, a chest of superfine hyson tea at 6l. 10s. lb. violins and Roman strings, best London duffils at 40l. a piece, Oronoko tobacco and Kippen's best Glasgow pigtail, Wilson's neat fowling pieces, single and double F gunpowder, single and double refined sugar, of an extra quality, London three stranded seine twine, womens neat silk and stuff shoes, perfumery of all kinds, fresh pickles, neat glass shades, and a variety of handsome wine glasses, mens beaver hats, of the newest fashion, Bridport and Russia sail duck, oakum, best LONDON CORDAGE, at 20l. 10s. per Ct. anchors and grapnals, paints and oil, nails of all kinds, with many other articles, all which will be disposed of reasonably, especially for CASH, at their store on the Bay.

ATKINS & WESTON,

Have imported,

A FEW Barrels of Hayne's very best PHILADELPHIA BEER, BISCUIT, and FLOUR, which they will sell at the lowest Prices.

WILLIAM SIMPSON,

Has imported in the Little-Carpenter, *from* LONDON, *the* Betty, *from* GLASGOW, *and the* Avon, *from* LEITH;

A Neat assortment of silk breeches patterns, ribbed and plain silk hose, worsted breeches in patterns and web, men and womens cotton hose, oznabrug thread, stiching thread, from the lowest to the highest numbers, spotted and sprig netted lawn, striped and bordered needle work lawn aprons, great variety of white, blue, and green silk, and thread pavillion gauze, a large quantity of check handkerchiefs, checks and cross bar, 3-4 and 7-8 wide, red and blue striped holland, Irish and Scotch linens of all kinds, single and double wool and buken hair matrasses, womens callimance shoes and pumps of different colours, mens stiched and bound shoes and pumps, pigtail tobacco, rappee and plain snuff, 16 and 20 inch pipes tiped and fluted, Bell's beer, by the dozen, with an assortment of cutlery.

As he has imported a large quantity of each, any merchant wanting a supply, may be served on the most moderate terms, at his store in Tradd-street.

JOHN BRAUND, & Co.

DESIRES all Persons whatever who have any Demands against them, to send in their Accounts to JOHN MARLEY, in order to be settled, in whose Hands the Books of Accounts, &c. since the 1st of January, 1766, to the 1st of January, 1769, are lodged; and all Persons indebted to the said Co-partnership, are requested to make speedy Payment to the said JOHN MARLEY.

JOHN BRAUND,
MICHAEL KALTEISEN,
JOHN MARLEY.

N. B. They request all Persons whatever not to pay any Money on their Account to any of their Carters. 6w.

For SALE, by private contract,

A Very valuable tract of about 400 acres of LAND, in St. James's parish, Goose-Creek, bounding southward on land of Mr. John Fulmer, westward and northward on land of Mr. Peter Bacot, eastward on land of William Hackett, Esq; hath full 80 acres of good cypress swamp, the other part is good corn and indico land, and is well timbered, lies within three or four miles of two landings, Goose-Creek bridge and Dorchester, and not more than 18 miles from Charles-Town. Whoever inclines to purchase, may apply in Charles-Town, to

GEORGE PARKER.

THE subscriber hereby forbids the sale of the house and lot in King-street, advertised by Mr. James Christie, to be sold the third of February, 1769, as his daughter BRULAH FITCH, is entituled to the one half of said house and lot, by virtue of the last will and testament of *Thomas Rose*, deceased.

JAMES FITCH.

ROGER CHAMPNEYS,

INTENDS to follow the Business of a VENDUE-MASTER, and will be obliged to his Friends that may please to employ him in that Branch; also in the FACTORAGE BUSINESS, which he intends likewise to follow, and has a convenient Store on his Brother's Wharf for carrying on the same; where may be had Jamaica, West-India, and Northward *RUM*, Madera *WINE*, by the Quarter Cask or any Quantity not less than three Gallons, for Cash or three Months Credit.——☞ ORDERS from Town or Country will be faithfully and punctually attended to.

On Wednesday the 22d of February next, if a fair day, if not, the next fair day after, will be sold at public auction, at Mr. Nightingale's *up the path, all the estate of Mr.* GEORGE LIVINGSTON, *deceased,*

CONSISTING of a plantation on Cane-Acre, near Parker's-ferry, containing upwards of 1600 acres of good rice, corn, and indico land, with a great reserve of water.—Also another tract on Pedee river, containing 1050 acres of as good land as any in the province, and about 20 valuable slaves, among whom are a good boatman, and as good an indico maker as any in the province; one half of a coasting schooner, burthen 100 barrels, with a new suit of sails and otherways compleatly fitted.

And on the Wednesday following, will be sold, at the plantation on Cane-Acre, all the stock,

CONSISTING of horses, cattle, sheep, hogs, &c. plantation tools, and the crop of corn.

All sums under thirty pounds to be cash, and for all above, credit will be given until the first of January, 1770, paying interest from the date, and giving approved security, to

WILLIAM LIVINGSTON,
GEORGE LIVINGSTON, } Executors.

FERGUSON-FERRY RACES,

WILL begin on the 15th Day of February. Any Gentlemen that chooses to send their Horses there, may depend on having them well taken Care of, and fed with good Oats, Corn-Blades, &c. by VALENTINE LYNN.

For SPAIN, PORTUGAL, COWES, and the MARKETS, or any of the WEST-INDIA Windward Islands,

THE SHIP

ORANGEFIELD,

JAMES MORRICE, Master.

(Burthen about 650 Barrels)

FOR Freight or Passage, apply to the said Master on board at Colonel Beale's Wharf.

George-Town, January 27, 1769.

WHEREAS we now find (from sundry losses in our trade at George-Town) that we cannot fully pay all our debts, and being desirous to do strict justice, so far as is in our power, putting all persons that we are indebted to on a footing; do hereby request a meeting of all our creditors, in Charles-Town, at Mr. Dillon's, on Wednesday the fifth day of April next, in order to determine on some plan for securing to them a proportion of their several demands on us, so far as can then be done, and in our power to do: And in the mean time we desire that our several creditors will furnish us with a state of their demands.—And that all persons indebted to us will immediately pay or settle the same, the better to enable us to satisfy our creditors.

SHACKELFORD & LUPTAN.

TO BE SOLD,

A Lot of LAND in Ansonsburgh, situate on the Road leading from Charles-Town, containing 160 feet in front on the said road, and 200 feet in depth, adjoining land purchased by the public for erecting fortifications, (called the White Gate) and on lands belonging to Mr. James Brisbane, and Mr. Alexander Burn; the said lot may be conveniently divided into two or three parts. Any person or persons inclinable to purchase the whole or any part thereof, may treat with CHARLES GRIMBALL, at his house on White-Point, or at Messrs. John Edwards, & Co. store, in Tradd-street.

TO BE SOLD in Charles-Town, on Thursday the 9th Day of February next,

A PARCEL,

Consisting of THIRTY-SIX

New Negroes,

Just arrived from the WEST-INDIES, for which RICE will be taken in Payment,

SAVAGE & LEGARE.

January 30, 1769.

WANTED on HIRE immediately, AN able, strong NEGRO FELLOW, as a Porter. Enquire of the Printer.

For BRISTOL,

THE SHIP

LIVE-OAK,

ANDREW LUNDBERRY, Master.

FOR Freight, apply to said Master, or GEORGE SMITH.

Antigua RUM of a fine flavour, and a few very likely NEW NEGROES, to be sold, by said SMITH.

ALL Persons having Demands by Bond, or other Specialty, against the Co-partnership of *Houghton, Webb, & Gwin*, formerly of this Town, Merchants, either in their own Right, or as Attorney for any absent Creditor, are desired forthwith to give a particular Account thereof in Writing, that a just and equal Distribution of same Money in my Hands, may be legally allotted.

RAWLINS LOWNDES.

MARY KING,

MILLINER, in TRADD-STREET,

Has received per the Friendship, *Captain* Samuel Ball, *jun. and the* last vessels *from* LONDON;

A COMPLEAT ASSORTMENT of

MILLINARY GOODS,

Among which are,

WAX NECKLACES and EARRINGS, stiff chipt hats for covering, white, black, blue, and crimson flowered satins, black, blue, and green pelong, fashionable ribbons, egrets, and breast flowers, white and black blond lace, brocade, black, and blue satin pumps; childrens ditto, black and white catgut, flowered and striped gauses, ditto aprons and handkerchiefs, ditto satin hats, cloaks, and bonnets, boys black satin caps and feathers, black and white Ostrich ditto for ladies hair, Hoe's stuff shoes and pumps, a large assortment of TOYS, with a variety of other articles, all which will be sold *cheap* for CASH or SHORT CREDIT.

N. B. All sorts of MILLINARY made up in the newest fashions and neatest manner, upon the *shortest notice.*

TO BE SOLD,

THE House and Lot in King-street, where I now live, containing 100 feet in front, and 200 in depth, with a two story kitchen, wash-house and store-room, and every other conveniency for a large family. For particulars, apply to

JOHN MARLEY.

FOUND by a Negro on White-Point, two SILVER TEA SPOONS. The Owner describing the Marks, may have them again, on paying for this Advertisement, and giving something to the Negro for his honesty, by applying to the Printer.

TO BE SOLD by public outcry, on the premises, on Tuesday the 24th day of February next, between the hours of twelve and one, by SAMUEL PRIOLEAU, jun. & Co.

PART of an eastern bay lot of land, lying and being situate between the wharfs of Col. Othniel Beale and Mr. John Champneys, on which is erected eight brick stores or shops, that rent for 900l. per annum, two of which will be put up and sold at a time; credit will be given for one or two years, paying interest, with approved security. Any person that has a mind to purchase, may apply to TUNES TEBOUT, in whose hands the title and plan may be seen.

TO BE SOLD at public vendue, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, on Wednesday the 15th of February next, (if a fair day, if not, on the next fair day after) on Edisto-Island, where the subscriber now lives,

A Tract of exceeding good LAND, either for rice, corn or indico, inferior to none in the province, whereon is a good dwelling house, barn, and several other buildings; likewise about twenty valuable SLAVES, most of them this country born, amongst which are a very good cooper, and some good house wenches, that can cook, wash, iron, and sew extremely well, so well known by the inhabitants of Edisto-Island, as need no farther recommendation; also a good stock of cattle, horses, and hogs, &c. The conditions will be made known on the day of sale.

N. B. If any person has a mind to purchase before the day of sale, may treat with the subscriber on the spot.

ROBERT SEABROOK.

TO BE SOLD at public vendue, at the house of Mr. Thomas Nightingale, *near Charles-Town, on Wednesday the 15th of February next,*

ABOUT seventy valuable SLAVES, belonging to the estate of FRANCIS ROCHE, Esq; deceased, among whom are cooks, washers and seamptresses, a spinner and knitter, two carpenters, three coopers, and several pair of sawyers.

And on the Wednesday following, the 22d of said month, at the plantation whereon the said deceased lately lived, will also be sold,

A VARIETY of articles, consisting of plate, houshold goods and furniture, cattle, horses, sheep, and hogs, plantation, carpenters, and coopers tools, corn and seed rice, &c. &c. The purchasers of the slaves, may have twelve months credit, paying interest, and giving security to the subscriber; who desires all persons to whom the above estate is in anywise indebted to make known their demands.

EBENEZER SIMMONS.

Brought to the WORK-HOUSE.

July 17, 1768. A negro fellow born in Jamaica, calls himself *James Williams*, and his master *Thomas Wheeler*, that he lives in Kingston, Jamaica, and was hired to one *Davis*, first Lieutenant of the Sterling-Castle, and that he left her at Cape-Fear; he is 5 feet 9 inches high, thin faced, has a cut on his nose, and branded on his right shoulder M R, also the mark of a shot just below his left knee, which he says was done at the siege of the Havanna, he has on a white negro cloth jacket and oznabrug trowsers. Taken up in Charles-Town.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

NATHANIEL BREEDLOVE, of the province aforesaid, who is in custody of the Provost-Marshal, upon *Capias ad Respondendum*, one at the suit of *Robert Gibb*, and the other at the suit of *Thomas Godfrey*, and *Thomas Gadsden*, having petitioned the honourable the Justices of the Court of Common Pleas, that he may be admitted to the benefit of the act made for the relief of insolvent debtors: IT IS ORDERED, that the said *Robert Gibb*, *Thomas Godfrey*, and *Thomas Gadsden*, and all others to whom the said petitioner is anywise indebted, be, and they are hereby summoned, and have notice, to appear at the usual place of Judicature, at the first setting of the Court of Common Pleas, or General Sessions, which shall happen three months after the publication hereof, to shew cause, if any they can, why the said petitioner should not have the prayer of his petition granted.

D. CAMPBELL, C. C. P.

Pleas-Office, January 3, 1769.

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